Miscellaneous Trade News

 A department covering the activities of the manufacturing and distributing tea, coffee, spice, and fine grocery interests and the supply trades.

COFFEE MARKET REVIEW

Price Rise of Staple on New York Coffee Exchange, Beginning in August, Continues During the Past Month

FOLLOWING the lead started in August, coffee continued its rise in price in September on the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange. The rise was not great, but it was an encouraging change from the continuous drop since the beginning of the year. Santos 4s, closing at 8.15 to 8.28, registered an advance during the month of from 32 to 65 points; Rio 7s, closing at 5.00 to 5.48, a gain of 12 to 33 points; and spot, closing at 8.34 to 8% cents, advanced from 36 to 56 cents, advanced from 36 to 56 cents.

While no indication exists of extreme buying by roasters, a liberal replenishment of stocks is reported to meet the demands of the cooler weather, increasing consumption season. This in itself was sufficient to keep coffee prices on an even keel. Another feature was the recurrent recorts of better

WORLD'S VISIBLE COFFEE SUPPLY Compiled by the N. Y. Coffee and Sugar Exchange

(In bags of 132 lbs.)

UNITED STATES Stock in New York—Brazil. Stock in New Orleans—Brazil. Stock in U. S.—Other kinds. Afloat from Brazil. Afloat from Java and East.	Oct., 1935 301,783 198,691 362,697 614,400 2,000	Oct., 1934 267,104 134,386 416,677 733,800 28,000
Total—United States Europe—	1,479,571	1,579,967
Brazil Stock in Europe—Other kinds Afloat from Brazil. Afloat from Java and East	928,000 1,421,000 547,000 95,000	1,388,000 1,409,000 640,000 108,000
Total Europe Brazilian Port Stocks—	2,991,000	3,545,000
Rio Santos Victoria Bahia Paranagua Pernambuco Angras dos Reis	662,000 2,094,000 224,000 57,000 106,000 23,000 16,000	777,000 2,140,000 142,000 19,000 78,000 8,000 13,000
Total—Brazilian Ports	3,182,000	3,177,000
*World visible supply	7,652,571	8,301,967

^{*} Exclusive of "Interior" and "Restricted" stocks.

WORLD DELIVERIES OF COFFEE

Compiled by the N. (In b.	Y. Coffee a		xchange
United States—	July 1, 1935 Sept. 30, 1935	July 1, 1934 Sept. 30, 1934	July 1, 1933 Sept. 30, 1933
Brazil	2,098,424 929,651	1,721,979 722,341	2,096,346 783,245
Total	3,028,075	2,444,320	2,879,591
Brazil Other kinds	1,546,000 1,194,000	1,530,000 1,161,000	1,652,000 922,000
Total	2,740,000	2,691,000	2,574,000
SOUTHERN PORTS	330,000	237,000	370,000
WORLD	6,098,075	5,372,320	5,823,591

exchange conditions and rates in Brazil. To these may be added the support given by that country from time to time.

Reports of large purchases by Norway and Italy of Brazil coffees (the former confirmed) were interesting features, but without effect on the market. Plans for resumed coffee destruction, however, did give a certain confidence in the assurance of the Departamento Nacional do Café of its intention to maintain equilibrium. This, it is claimed, will aim at the elimination largely of the poorer grades.

The greater advance of Santos is a consequence of less plentiful supplies of the good grades available at the moment. This does not mean a scarcity by any means, but simply that supplies of certain desired grades were not readily obtainable when wanted except at a premium.

The accompanying report (September 19) of Nortz & Co., New York, discusses a number of matters pertinent to present conditions:

NORTZ & CO. REPORT

The world's visible supply increased by 62,000 bags during August, 1935. Deliveries continue heavy, they are ahead of last year's, and considerably larger than those of two years ago. As the outcome of an improvement in the economic field, the increase is most notable in the United States,